

Easy-to-Grow and Drought Tolerant Native Plants : 20+ Proven Winners for Your Garden

Nancy McClenny, revised from the original version written by Arvind Kumar, Past President, CNPS-SCV chapter

Tonight's Agenda

- Introduction
- Myths
- Benefits of native plants
- 20 + easy, California native plants

Introduction: The Mission of the California Native Plant Society (CNPS) is...

To conserve California native plants and their natural habitats.

To increase understanding, appreciation, and horticultural use of native plants.

Frontyard in 1998



Backyard in 1998





Myth: Native plants are unattractive.

- Early settlers wrote glowing accounts of California flora.
- Plant hunters, including David Douglas, started visiting California in the 18th century, documenting its flora and taking seeds back to Europe.
- Appreciation of our native flora was lost to development, agriculture, waterintensive lawns and the imported plants we had learned to love.

Wildflower bloom at Carrizo Plain National Monument

http://theodorepayne.org/education/wildflower-hotline/



This image by Lloyd Chambers: http://diglloyd.com/previous/FlowerMedley.jpg

Grasses can be gorgeous?



Local Field Hikes: The Best Education



MILK MAIDS, Pinnacles, Feb. 2011





MARIPOSA LILY, Pinnacles, April 2014





Photos on this slide by N.McClenny

Myth: Native plants are hard to grow.

Any plant does poorly if its needs aren't met!

Plants should be EASY to grow in the ecosystem in which they evolved.

Discover the plants that belong in your local ecosystem:

- CNPS-SCV field trips
- www. Calflora.org, click on "What grows here"
- Corelli, Checklist of...Vascular Plants of SCCo/SMCo



hard to find...and expensive.

Myth: Native plants are

Local CA native nurseries:

- Acterra Nursery, Palo Alto (See http://www.acterra.org/programs/stewardship/native_plant_nursery.html)
- Middlebrook Gardens, 76 Race St., San Jose, call for hours
- Native Revival Nursery, 2600 Mar Vista Drive, Aptos
- Yerba Buena Nursery, 12511 San Mateo Rd. (Hwy 92), Half Moon Bay

General nurseries with some CA natives:

- Almaden Valley Nursery, San Jose
- Annie's Annuals, Richmond (mail order available)
- Payless Nursery near Aborn and King Roads in San Jose
- Summerwinds Nursery in Palo Alto and off Winchester in Campbell

Other sources:

- Seed companies: <u>www.larnerseeds.com</u> and others (mail order available)
 Annual CNPS-SCV plant sales at Hidden Villa, Los Altos, this year on
- October 17 2015
- Free annual CNPS-SCV seed and cutting exchange

For a complete list, go to:

cnps.org/cnps/grownative/nurseries.php#bay

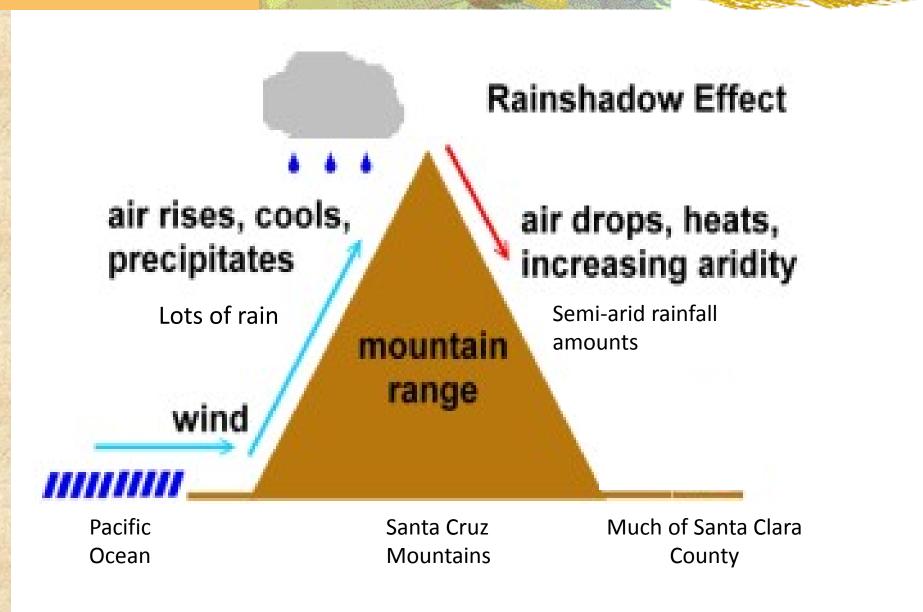
Myth: If a plant is a California native, it must be drought-tolerant. Right?

- All young plants, native or not, require "regular" water until established in a garden.
- Once established, native plants have evolved to survive on the natural precipitation **of their native range**.
- A CA native that is drought-tolerant in Eureka, CA (40.0"rain/yr) will likely NOT be drought-tolerant in Bakersfield (6.7" rain/yr).

Summer Watering Schedule for Drought Tolerant Natives*

- 1st year: once a week
- 2nd year: once in 2 weeks
- 3rd year: once in 3 weeks
- 4th year and later: once a month or as needed

* This schedule also applies to recent dry winters.



Adapted from an image at this site: http://wc.pima.edu/~bfiero/tucsonecology/climate/climate_home.htm

Select Waterwise Natives

- Many established native plants look fine with just once-a-month watering in summer.
- Some native plants resent ANY summer water (e.g. oak, coyote bush, flannel bush, wooly blue curls), except in exceptionally dry years.
- Summer water for established natives may improve appearance but may reduce life span.





Less water use! Rebates NOW.

Naturally diverse, beneficial, and beautiful ecosystem

SANTA CLARA VALLEY WATER DISTRICT (SCVWD) Increased Landscape Rebates --ACT NOW



What is the rebate amount?

- Temporary increase in rebates through 12/31/2015.
- 2015 applications are limited to \$50,000.
- Receive \$2.00/sq ft (up from \$1) to convert high-water-use to low-water-use landscape using approved plants and/or irrigation equipment. Some cities, e.g. Morgan Hill, offer higher rebates.

- How do I qualify?

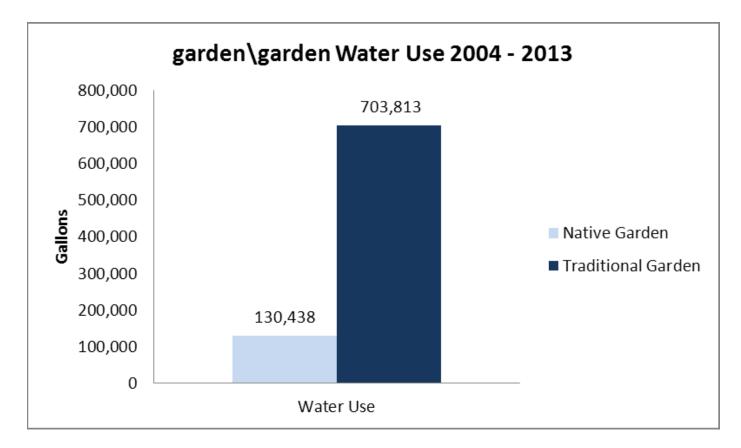
- Citizen of Santa Clara County
- Make purchases *after* receiving a "Notice to Proceed" from SCVWD.

How do I start?

- See program details at: <u>http://www.valleywater.org/Programs/LandscapeRebatePrograms/Land</u>
- Call Water Conservation Hotline at (408) 630-2554 with questions.

I. Lower water bills:

Garden /Garden Study from City of Santa Monica



<u>Reference:</u> Click on "garden-garden 2013" at the end of the first paragraph at:

http://www.smgov.net/departments/ose/categories/landscape/garden-garden.aspx

II. A Healthier Ecosytem:

Local native plants generally do not require: Pesticides Fertilizers Herbicides

III. Innate Survival Strategies









Coast Live Oak (Edges of leaves curled under when stressed)

Photos on this slide by N McClenny

Innate Survival Strategies

California Buckeye (Early leaf drop in late summer and winter dormancy)

Photo by N McClenny

IV. Habitat Value

Plants are at the bottom of the food chain.

Native flora have coevolved with native fauna over millenia.

Some types of fauna depend on very specific types of flora.



Pipevine Swallowtail caterpillar on the California pipevine, Putah Creek



Pale Tiger Swallowtail on a narrow-leaved milkweed, Mt Hamilton Range

Getting Started: 20+ Easy-to-Grow Plants*

ANNUALS

- RUBY CHALICE CLARKIA (Clarkia rubicunda)
- ELEGANT CLARKIA (Clarkia unguiculata)
- CALIFORNIA POPPY (Eschscholzia californica)
- GLOBE GILIA (Gilia capitata)
- **MEADOWFOAM** (Limnanthes douglasii)



Photo by Arvind Kumar



ELEGANT CLARKIA *Clarkia unguiculata* (KLAR-kee-a un-gwik-you-LAY-ta)

Photo by N McClenny

Photo by Arvind Kumar







MEADOWFOAM Limnanthes douglasii sulfurea (lim-NAN-thus dug-LAS-ee-I sul-FUR-ee-a)

Photos by Arvind Kurdar

Alternative yellow wildlflower: Layia platyglossa (Tidy Tips)





Wildflower Care

- Water regularly including winter weeks when there is no rain.
- Weed regularly. Native wildflowers can't compete with invasive annual weed species.
- Guard against snails and slugs with regular handpicking, traps (e.g. beer), barriers (e.g. copper strips), and baits (iron phosphate products such as Sluggo)*.
- Harvest seed if desirable.

* For details, see http://www.ipm.ucdavis.edu/PMG/PESTNOTES/pn7427.html

Perennials

- **YARROW** (Achillea millefolium)
- CALIFORNIA FUCHSIA (Epilobium canum and E. septentrionale)
- WILD NAKED BUCKWHEAT (*Eriogonum nudum* 'Ella Nelson's Yellow')
- **DOUGLAS IRIS** (Iris douglasiana)
- FOOTHILL PENSTEMON (Penstemon heterophyllus)

Photo by Arvind Kumar



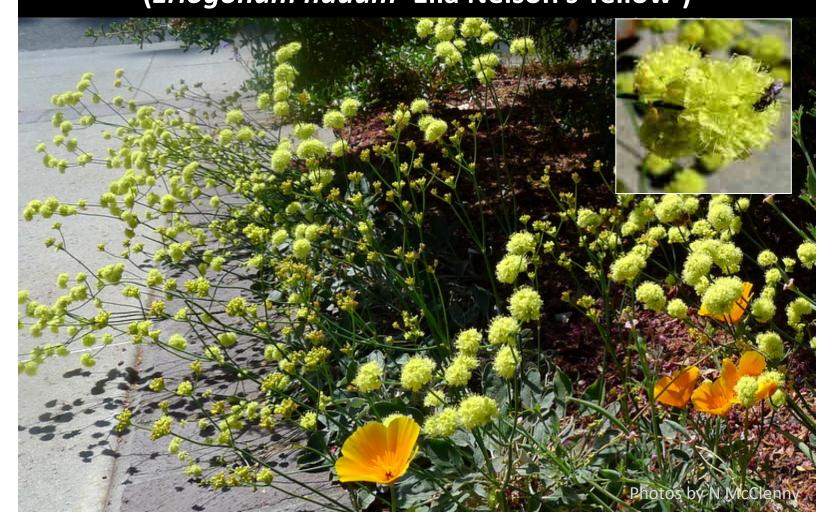
YARROW Achillea millefolium (ak-ILL-ee-a mil-eh-FO-lee-um)

CALIFORNIA FUCHSIA

Epilobium septentrionale 'Select Mattole'

Photo by N McClenny

NAKED WILD BUCKWHEAT (*Eriogonum nudum* 'Ella Nelson's Yellow')



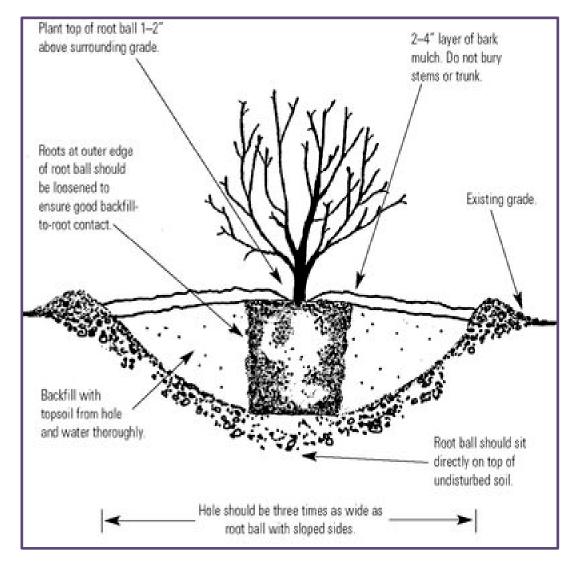






BONUS PLANT: Deer Grass (*Muhlenbergia rigens*)

How to Plant Nursery Stock



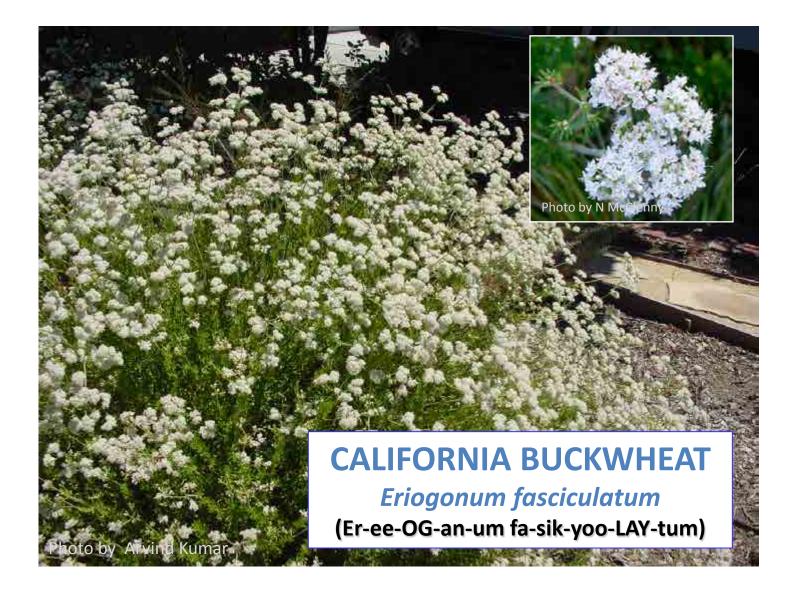
http://www.buncombemastergardener.org/fall-planting-trees/

SHRUBS

- **COYOTE BUSH** (*Baccharis pililaris*)
- CALIFORNIA BUCKWHEAT (Eriogonum fasciculatum)
- **STICKY MONKEYFLOWER** (Mimulus aurantiacus)
- **COFFEEBERRY** (Frangula [formerly Rhamnus] californica)
- WHITE or PINK-FLOWERING CURRANT (Ribes sanguineum var. glutinosum)

Coyote Bush (Baccharis pilularis 'Pigeon Point' and other cultivars)

Photo by N McCle





COFFEEBERRY

Photo by Arvind Kumar

(Frangula californica, formerly known as Rhamnus californica)

STICKY MONKEYFLOWER

Mimulus aurantiacus (MIM-yoo-lus aw-ran-TIE-a-kus)

Photo by Arvind Kumar

Mimulus













Pink (or White)-flowering Currant (Ribes sanguineum v. glutinosum 'Inverness White') Photos by N NcClenny

Trees, Group I

DR. HURD MANZANITA (Arctostaphylos 'Dr. Hurd')
CALIFORNIA LILIC (*Ceanothus* 'Ray Hartman')
SILK TASSEL BUSH (*Garrya elliptica* 'James Roof')
TOYON (*Heteromeles arbutifolia*)
HOLLY-LEAVED CHERRY (*Prunus ilicifolia* var illicifolia)

DR HURD MANZANITA (Arctostaphylos 'Dr. Hurd')













Ceanothus 'Ray Hartman'



Silk Tassel Bush (Garrya elliptica 'James Roof')









Holly-leaf Cherry

(Prunus ilicifolia)



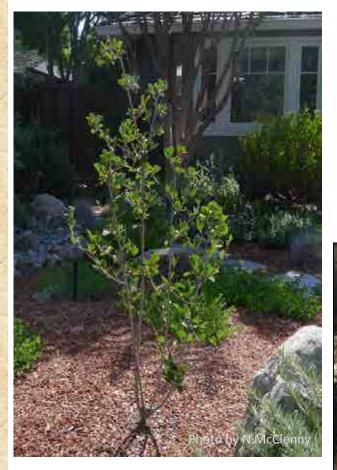
Holly-leaf Cherry (Prunus ilicifolia) IN THE WILD, Santa Monica Mtns



All photos on this slide at http://www.smmflowers.org/bloom/bloom.







Bonus Plant:





http://www.smmflowers.org/bloom/bloom

Mountain Mahogony (Cercocarpus betuloides)

TREES, Group II

CALIFORNIA BUCKEYE (Aesculus californica)
WESTERN REDBUD (Cercis occidentalis)
COAST LIVE OAK (Quercus agrifolia)
VALLEY OAK (Quercus lobata)
BLUE ELDERBERRY (Sambucus nigra ssp.caerulea)



Photo by Arvind Kumar



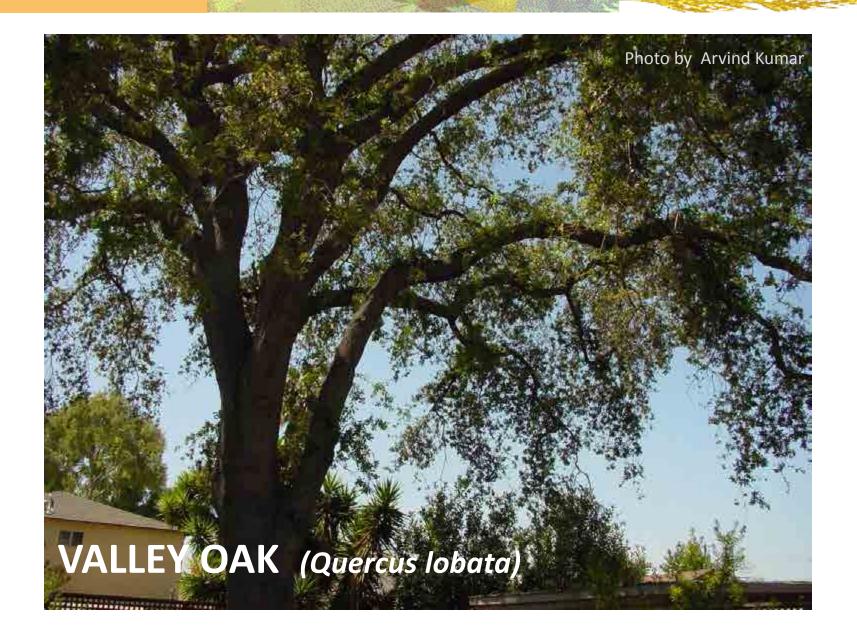
Photos on this slide by N McClenny

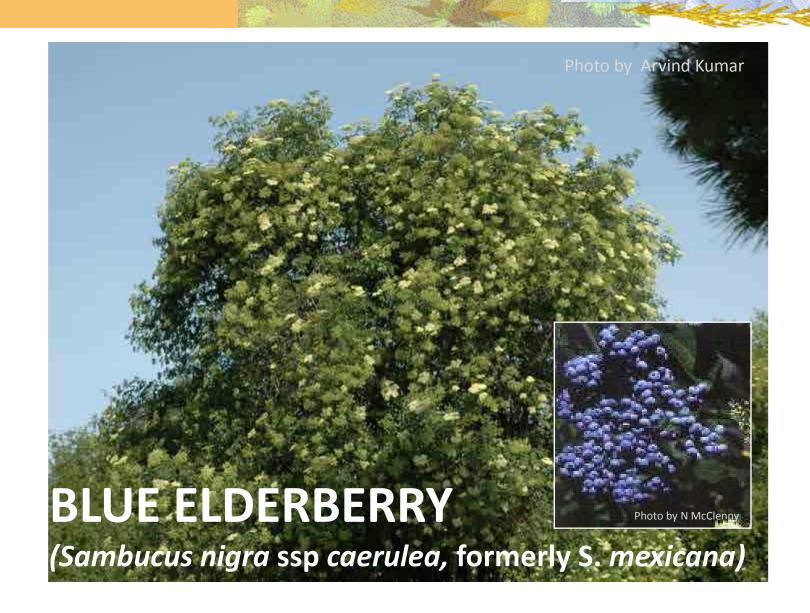
Coast Live Oak (Quercus agrifolia)



Photo by Arvind Kumar

Photo by N McClenny





PLAN--AND PLANT FOR A BETTER WORLD.

J.C.RAULSTON,

Horticulturalist, Professor, and founding Director of the NCSU J.C. Ralston Arboretum, Raleigh, N.C.

